

Cambridge  
International  
AS & A Level

**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

---

**CHEMISTRY**

**9701/05**

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

**For Examination from 2016**

SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME

**1 hour 15 minutes**

---

**MAXIMUM MARK: 30**

---

This document consists of **5** printed pages and **1** blank page.

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>1 (a) (i)</b>	The temperature		1
	The surface area of the marble chips	Allow size of the marble chips	1
	<b>(ii)</b> Measure the temperature of the hydrochloric acid <b>AND</b> Use the same mass and number of marble chips		1
<b>(iii)</b>	The mass of the carbon dioxide	Allow loss in mass of the flask containing the reactants	1
<b>(b)</b>	The diagram shows a container for the marble chips and hydrochloric acid connected to a gas syringe.	Allow collection of carbon dioxide over water	1
	All connections are shown such that the apparatus would work without leakage of carbon dioxide.	Bungs/corks must be shown where required	1
	The apparatus is fully labelled.		1
<b>(c)</b>	The volume of hydrochloric acid The concentration of the hydrochloric acid The mass of marble chips The time taken to collect 100 cm <sup>3</sup> of carbon dioxide	Ignore mention of temperature or size of marble chips  Allow final time or time to end of experiment	1 1
	<b>4 correct 2 marks</b> <b>3 correct 1 mark</b>		
<b>(d)</b>	Stated volume of 2.00 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid is taken <b>using a pipette/burette</b> and placed in a volumetric flask	Do <b>not</b> allow the use of a measuring cylinder	1
	Water added to the volumetric flask to make up to the mark <b>AND</b> solution then shaken/flask is inverted several times		1
	The volume of the volumetric flask is four times the volume of hydrochloric acid taken <b>OR</b> the volume of water added is three times the volume of hydrochloric acid taken	Volumetric flask must be a conventional size (i.e. allow 25, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 500, 1000 or 2000 cm <sup>3</sup> )	1
<b>(e)</b>	The concentration of the acid must be such that it is the acid and not the marble chips which is controlling the rate of reaction	Allow any wording of the answer which shows an understanding of this point	1

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(f)</b>	The concentration of the hydrochloric acid		1
	The inverse of the time taken	Do <b>not</b> allow 'rate' unless this is stated as 1/t	1
<b>Qn 1</b>		<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark																												
<b>2 (a)</b>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="324 201 660 252">E</th> <th data-bbox="660 201 981 252">F</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 252 660 339">Mass of X<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> /g <b>A – B</b></td> <td data-bbox="660 252 981 339">Mass of CO<sub>2</sub> /g <b>C + E – D</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 339 660 391">2.81</td> <td data-bbox="660 339 981 391">0.95</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 391 660 442">4.65</td> <td data-bbox="660 391 981 442">1.45</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 442 660 493">0.90</td> <td data-bbox="660 442 981 493">0.38</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 493 660 544">5.50</td> <td data-bbox="660 493 981 544">2.08</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 544 660 595">5.80</td> <td data-bbox="660 544 981 595">1.84</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 595 660 646">3.70</td> <td data-bbox="660 595 981 646">1.20</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 646 660 697">2.20</td> <td data-bbox="660 646 981 697">0.56</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 697 660 748">7.40</td> <td data-bbox="660 697 981 748">2.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 748 660 799">5.24</td> <td data-bbox="660 748 981 799">1.70</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 799 660 850">6.40</td> <td data-bbox="660 799 981 850">2.05</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 850 660 901">3.40</td> <td data-bbox="660 850 981 901">0.90</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="324 901 660 952">7.32</td> <td data-bbox="660 901 981 952">2.34</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	E	F	Mass of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> /g <b>A – B</b>	Mass of CO <sub>2</sub> /g <b>C + E – D</b>	2.81	0.95	4.65	1.45	0.90	0.38	5.50	2.08	5.80	1.84	3.70	1.20	2.20	0.56	7.40	2.15	5.24	1.70	6.40	2.05	3.40	0.90	7.32	2.34		
	E	F																													
	Mass of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> /g <b>A – B</b>	Mass of CO <sub>2</sub> /g <b>C + E – D</b>																													
	2.81	0.95																													
	4.65	1.45																													
	0.90	0.38																													
	5.50	2.08																													
	5.80	1.84																													
	3.70	1.20																													
	2.20	0.56																													
	7.40	2.15																													
	5.24	1.70																													
	6.40	2.05																													
3.40	0.90																														
7.32	2.34																														
<b>(b)</b>	All points plotted correctly		1																												
	Appropriate straight line of best fit drawn (The deviation of points on each side of the best fit line must be nearly the same)	It is not a requirement that the best fit line extends beyond the range of the data obtained but if the line of best fit is extended it should pass through the origin.	1																												

Question	Expected Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
<b>(c)</b>	The anomalous point chosen must be more than two small squares distant from the line of best fit.  If the point identified indicates too much CO <sub>2</sub> produced then this could be because the cotton wool plug was not weighed at the end <b>OR</b> If the point identified indicates too little CO <sub>2</sub> produced then this could be that the solution was not saturated with CO <sub>2</sub> at the start/CO <sub>2</sub> not left long enough to diffuse		1
<b>(d)</b>	Identifies less reliability with lower masses of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> because percentage errors will be higher	Allow any wording of the answer which shows an understanding of this point	1
<b>(e) (i)</b>	Marks on the graph and gives correct co-ordinates for two points which lie on the line of best fit  Calculates the gradient correctly using the two points	No mark should be awarded if units are given for the gradient	1 1
<b>(ii)</b>	Explains that the gradient is the mass of CO <sub>2</sub> divided by the mass of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>  Calculates correctly M <sub>r</sub> of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> as 44/gradient		1 1
<b>(f) (i)</b>	No change as the mass is unaffected by a change in temperature		1
<b>(ii)</b>	Line would have a steeper gradient  An equivalent mass of Y <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> produces more CO <sub>2</sub> <b>OR</b> an equivalent volume of CO <sub>2</sub> is produced by a smaller mass of Y <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>		1 1
<b>(g)</b>	Use a titration of X <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> against HCl	Allow other named strong acid	1
<b>Qn2</b>		<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>

